# Assessment Managing Personal Change Revised Edition

The objectives of this book are:

- To communicate the impact of personal change
- To explain new skills for navigating change successfully
- To explore ways to enhance your personal power
- To demonstrate how to build and maintain positive attitudes toward change

**CRISP**<sub>series</sub>

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## Assessment Questions for Managing Personal Change, Revised Edition

#### Select the best response.

- 1. The rate of change today is:
  - A. Short with long plateaus of stability
  - B. Continual with shorter rest periods
- 2. During periods of change, you should pay attention to signals from your:
  - A. Body
  - B. Mind
  - C. Feelings
  - D. All of the above
  - E. B and C
- 3. Today, security means being at the center of an organization and not taking chances or rocking the boat.
  - A. True
  - B. False
- 4. Cultivating a good network will help you:
  - A. Get information
  - B. Ask for help
  - C. Gain new contacts
  - D. All of the above
  - E. A and C
- 5. Network relationships can be with people you do not know well personally.
  - A. True
  - B. False

- 6. People can get stuck in the *Transition Curve* by:
  - A. Trying to breeze through a change without going through all the phases
  - B. Not moving through the change and not getting to commitment
  - C. Both of the above
- 7. To avoid "ceaseless striving" you should:
  - A. Avoid making difficult decisions
  - B. Resist letting go of a role
  - C. Do something you might fear
  - D. All of the above
  - E. None of the above
- 8. A good way to think about how a change will affect how you do things is to:
  - A. Compare the old way of doing things with the new way
  - B. Focus on how to do the new things even better
  - C. Let yourself feel the loss of the old way, then let go and move on
  - D. All of the above
  - E. B and C
- 9. When you feel like you're going through the resistance and exploration phases several times before moving to commitment, you are experiencing:
  - A. The Zigzag
  - B. The Tarzan Swing
- 10. Younger people can adapt to change more easily.
  - A. True
  - B. False
- 11. To become a change master, you must:
  - A. Study and develop new technical and human skills
  - B. Push yourself beyond your comfort zone
  - C. Wait until you have all the information you need before acting
  - D. All of the above
  - E. A and B

- 12. Tin cupping means:
  - A. Talking about your ideas
  - B. Brainstorming with others
  - C. Picking up a little bit of support from everyone you meet
  - D. All of the above
  - E. A and B
- 13. It is helpful to realize that people who may seem resistant to new circumstances are not resisting change, they are resisting loss.
  - A. True
  - B. False
- 14. A change master increases his personal power by:
  - A. Concluding that nothing can be done if one avenue is blocked
  - B. Sitting and waiting for opportunities to come
  - C. Taking an active approach to change
  - D. All of the above
  - E. None of the above
- 15. Visioning involves:
  - A. Developing a clear image of how things would be after the change
  - B. Working backward to see what should happen to lead to the outcome
  - C. Creating as positive an image as you can for what you imagine
  - D. All of the above
  - E. A and C
- 16. During the resistance phase of transitioning through change you:
  - A. Mourn the past more than prepare for the future
  - B. Start clarifying goals and experimenting with new possibilities
  - C. Refuse to recognize information about the change
  - D. Focus on a new course of action

- 17. To become "change-hardy" you must:
  - A. Learn to span boundaries across different parts of the company
  - B. Go beyond your immediate job to where the problems are
  - C. Keep challenging yourself and not become too comfortable
  - D. All of the above
  - E. None of the above
- 18. Beliefs are learned when you are young, but you can rethink and change your beliefs as you mature.
  - A. True
  - B. False
- 19. *Mastery* is when you:
  - A. Take action on things you can control
  - B. Try to affect things beyond your control
  - C. Don't take action on things you could control
  - D. Don't try to influence things beyond your control
- 20. An example of a limiting belief is:
  - A. I can't do this.
  - B. The future is going to get worse.
  - C. The company can't change.
  - D. All of the above
  - E. None of the above
- 21. During times of change, it is important to operate as in the past to keep working relationships stable.
  - A. True
  - B. False
- 22. To increase your personal power during change, focus on things you can control.
  - A. True
  - B. False

- 23. You can control your reactions to change by:
  - A. Talking to others during the change process
  - B. Asking for help and support
  - C. Practicing physical self-care
  - D. All of the above
  - E. A and B
- 24. The best way to respond to a change in your work environment is to:
  - A. Do everything you can to hold on to your job
  - B. Take a defensive attitude and assume the change will make things worse
  - C. Focus your thoughts on what you can do to make a difference
  - D. All of the above
  - E. A and C
- 25. Going to others for support during a change situation is a good way to diminish pressure and regain perspective.
  - A. True
  - B. False

## Answer Key for Managing Personal Change, Revised Edition

### Recommended response (Corresponding workbook page)

1. B (3)	6. C (33)	11. E (13)	16. A (28-29)	21. B (74)
2. D (8)	7. C (58)	12. D (72)	17. D (14)	22. A (41)
3. B (14)	8. E (44)	13. A (32)	18. A (49)	23. D (16)
4. D (65)	9. A (35)	14. C (53)	19. A (57)	24. C (42)
5. A (71)	10. B (26)	15. D (36)	20. D (45)	25. A (61)