Assessment

Building & Closing the Sale

Revised Edition

The objectives of this book are:

- To increase your chances of consistently successful sales by building rapport and trust
- To learn how to address questions and objections with confidence
- To show you how to tailor your sales demonstration to each client
- To teach you how to ask the right questions and keep your prospect's attention

CRISP Series

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Assessment Questions for Building & Closing the Sale, Revised Edition

Select the best response.

- 1. The author suggests that building a relationship with a customer is more effective in making a sale than using special closing techniques.
 - A. True
 - B. False
- 2. In a first-time meeting, more weight is carried by:
 - A. Nonverbal communication
 - B. Verbal communication
- 3. A good technique to begin a sales presentation is to imitate your client's mood and manner.
 - A. True
 - B. False
- 4. To develop good sales questions, the best approach is to:
 - A. Pre-plan every question.
 - B. Have a genuine interest in learning more about people.
- 5. A good way to build rapport while a prospect is talking is to look in the prospect's:
 - A. Eyes
 - B. Dominant eye
 - C. Non-dominant eye
- 6. In the first minutes of building rapport, it is best to try to find something in common with a client.
 - A. True
 - B. False

- 7. Which step of the selling process should be completed first?
 - A. Product or service demonstration
 - B. Encouraging prospects to talk about their needs
- 8. Asking a provocative question:
 - A. Captures your prospect's attention
 - B. Tends to alienate your prospect
 - C. Is an inefficient use of time
 - D. B and C
- 9. Who has control of a sales discussion?
 - A. The person asking the questions
 - B. The person answering the questions
- 10. It is a good idea to say, "I'm not sure this will work for you" as a transition to getting more information.
 - A. True
 - B. False
- 11. Select the open-ended question:
 - A. "Does your company use padded mailers?"
 - B. "How do you feel about using padded mailers?"
 - C. "Would you like to hear about our padded mailers?"
- 12. When a prospect expresses negative views, it is best to:
 - A. Avoid them.
 - B. Try to minimize their impact.
 - C. Meet them head on.
- 13. It is appropriate to criticize your competition when talking with prospects.
 - A. True
 - B. False

- 14. Active listening includes:
 - A. Asking appropriate open-ended questions
 - B. Resting during stressful sales calls
 - C. Accurately paraphrasing client comments
 - D. A and B
 - E. A and C
- 15. Most people:
 - A. Buy with their emotions, then justify their decision with their intellect
 - B. Buy primarily with their intellect
- 16. It is useful to think of client objections as:
 - A. Buying signals
 - B. Road blocks
 - C. Legitimate questions
 - D. A and B
 - E. A and C
- 17. If a client asks about the price of your product, it is a clue that he or she is interested in buying.
 - A. True
 - B. False
- 18. You should present the details of your product:
 - A. Early in the meeting with a client
 - B. Only when your prospect has agreed to its benefits
- 19. If you believe you can convince a client through emotional appeal, it is unnecessary to prepare intellectual proof.
 - A. True
 - B. False

- 20. Most salespeople feel comfortable delivering a presentation on:
 - A. All of their company's products or services
 - B. Seven or fewer products or services
 - C. Only one or two products or services
- 21. It is more difficult for salespeople to retrieve important information when they must deal with:
 - A. An intimidating situation
 - B. Sales literature marked with personal notes
- 22. Trial closing questions are those that:
 - A. Solicit customer feedback.
 - B. Make a final closing easier.
 - C. Ask for the sale.
 - D. A and B
- 23. It is a good idea to write down responses to potential objections for a wide variety of your company's products.
 - A. True
 - B. False
- 24. If a client raises objections, you should realize that:
 - A. There may be a hidden objection.
 - B. The client may not be the decision-maker.
 - C. A and B
 - D. None of the above
- 25. Good closing techniques include:
 - A. Pressuring the client to say "yes"
 - B. Suggesting that someone else in the company would not object
 - C. Letting the client know how much time you have spent
 - D. All of the above
 - E. None of the above

Answer Key for Building & Closing the Sale, Revised Edition

Recommended response (Corresponding workbook page)

1. A (4)	6. B (32)	11. B (52)	16. E (81)	21. A (76)
2. A (20)	7. B (37)	12. C (58)	17. A (96)	22. D (79)
3. A (28)	8. A (41)	13. B (60)	18. B (71)	23. A (77)
4. B (26)	9. A (47)	14. E (61)	19. B (72)	24. C (85)
5. B (27)	10. A (44)	15. A (65)	20. B (73-74)	25. E (95)