Assessment

Telephone Skills that Satisfy Customers

First Edition

Complete this book, and you'll know how to:

- 1) Keep a positive attitude, and understand how setting goals can help with that.
- 2) Prepare yourself to deal with people on the phone, and answer the phone effectively and professionally.
- 3) Ask questions, listen effectively, and take action to meet customers' needs.
- 4) Assess your own customer focus, and handle the seven moments of truth for customer service on the telephone.
- 5) Add value to set yourself and your company apart so that customers want to work with you.



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Assessment Questions for Telephone Skills that Satisfy Customers, First Edition

Select the best response.

- 1. A moment of mediocrity occurs when:
 - A. You go the extra mile.
 - B. You neglect or ignore the customer's needs.
 - C. You only meet a customer's expectations.
 - D. A customer thanks you for excellent service.
- 2. "Excellent" customer service people really care, have great attitudes, and extend themselves to make customers feel special.
 - A. True
 - B. False
- 3. Which of the following is not a way to focus on areas for using the telephone properly and professionally to keep customers coming back?
 - A. Asking questions and listening effectively
 - B. Being brief and getting straight to the point
 - C. Keeping a positive attitude
 - D. Adding value
- 4. Anything you do that directly affects the customer's perception of you or your organization is a moment of misery.
 - A. True
 - B. False
- 5. Companies with the best customer service:
 - A. Have more people to help customers.
 - B. Don't usually make more profit.
 - C. Charge less for their products.
 - D. Offer greater job security and opportunities to their employees.
- 6. Whatever you are doing now, you should do it well, and take care of your customer in your current job.
 - A. True
 - B. False

7.	Some research estimates that the of the employees accounts for 80% of a company's customer service image and whether or not a customer will come back.		
	A. Appearance		
	B. Voice		
	C. Persuasion		
	D. Attitude		
8.	Business partners who share goals can cause lower job performance.		
	A. True		
	B. False		
9.	If aren't identified, 91% of the unhappy customers will never come back.		
	A. Questions		
	B. Goals		
	C. Complaints		
	D. Prospects		
10.	Effective customer service and telephone skills require different ideas.		
	A. True		
	B. False		
11.	Which of the following is not a step in positive self-direction?		
	A. Listening to others		
	B. Identifying what you want		
	C. Setting goals		
	D. Taking the first step		
12.	Keeping a positive attitude, answering the phone professionally, and asking questions and listening effectively are the key basics of being a superstar on the phone.		
	A. True		
	B. False		
13.	Direct access, faster response time, and a more personable approach are some advantages of maintaining cell phone etiquette.		
	A. True		
	B. False		
14.	Taking messages is a lost art today because calls are often transferred to voice mail. A. True		
	B. False		

15.	Research says that only one out of three get through to a live person. A. Customer complaints B. Potential customers C. Job seekers
	D. Business calls
16.	You don't need to have good time management skills when making customer calls that are part of your job. A. True B. False
17.	The following two blanks use the same word or phrase: It seems like everybody uses today. In 1998, 30% of people in the U.S. and Canada had access. By 2008, this had exploded to over 80%.
	A. Internet
	B. E-mail
	C. Cell phone
	D. Phone conferencing
18.	Proper telephone etiquette is crucial to the image of your company.
	A. True
	B. False
19.	Use a person's if they say you can, if you have developed a good relationship with the person, or if you know them well enough. A. Cell phone B. Office phone C. First name
	D. Nickname
20.	Normally, people speak at a rate of about 50 words a minute. If we talk too fast or too slow, it can be an irritant to customers.
	A. True
	B. False
21.	Which of the following is not a preparation tip for answering the telephone?
	A. Practice using your phone in advance. Don't practice on customers.
	B. Don't use the speaker phone unless another person needs to be on the call. It's less personable.

C. Don't eat at your workstation. It's unprofessional to eat and answer or make

D. Be as brief and to the point as possible. Most customers are in a hurry.

customer calls.

22.	Answering the phone in three rings or fewer is ideal because your customer doesn't have to wait too long.		
	A. True		
	B. False		
23.	matters on the phone. Like many things in life, what you do is as important as well as how you do it. A. Acting bored B. Voice tone C. Motivating people D. Talking slowly		
24.	Customers get a bad reputation in some companies and with some people. A. True B. False		
25.	The following three blanks are the same word: You can succeed alone, but you'll multiply your success through the help of others. The key word is,		
26.	One of the least important ways we close a phone conversation is thanking the customer. A. True B. False		
27.	What is the greatest challenge facing companies engaged in customer service improvement? A. Teamwork B. Listening C. Complacency D. Follow-through		
28.	Going the extra mile means going well above the call of duty. This is also how to exceed a customer's expectation and keep customers. A. True		

B. False

- 29. Abrupt answering of the phone, rude behavior, and excuses for a lack of action are just a few examples of what?
 - A. Phone moments of misery
 - B. Moments of mediocrity
 - C. Satisfactory customer service
 - D. An impatient employee
- 30. Active listening means giving your undivided attention to the speaker to better understand the person's point of view.
 - A. True
 - B. False
- 31. Listening has been called:
 - A. The key ingredient to customer service.
 - B. The master skill and the highest form of courtesy.
 - C. Insignificant compared to delivery.
 - D. The best quality that the least people have.
- 32. Becoming too buddy-buddy with the customer and telling jokes are good habits to have when talking on the phone.
 - A. True
 - B. False
- 33. Knowing your company, its products, its customer service policies, and its people is:
 - A. Empathy
 - B. Reliability
 - C. Assurance
 - D. Responsiveness
- 34. You use closed-ended questions when you want customers to give you more information or explain what they want or what the problem is.
 - A. True
 - B. False
- 35. Taking the time to help the customer yourself and doing whatever it takes is an example of:
 - A. Listening
 - B. Having control
 - C. Voice tone
 - D. Taking action

- 36. The biggest single reason customers have complaints is because of poor or indifferent attitudes from the employees in a company.
 - A. True
 - B. False
- 37. The quality of your tone of voice is made up of energy, rate of speech, and _____.
 - A. Pitch
 - B. Volume
 - C. Clarity
 - D. Mood
- 38. What, where, why, and when are typical ways of beginning closed-ended questions.
 - A. True
 - B. False
- 39. When you're transferring calls, which of the following does not apply?
 - A. Know your system and know how to transfer calls.
 - B. Ask if you can help.
 - C. Tell the customer that the party isn't in, and ask him to call back later.
 - D. Ask the customer if he can hold, and then transfer the call.
- 40. Teamwork can be described as a group of people working collaboratively toward common goals.
 - A. True
 - B. False

Assessment Answer Key for Telephone Skills that Satisfy Customers, First Edition

Recommended response (Corresponding workbook page)

1. C (5)	11. A (22)	21. D (32)	31. B (53)
2. B (7)	12. A (5)	22. A (37)	32. B (60)
3. B (5)	13. A (77)	23. B (40)	33. C (47)
4. B (5)	14. A (66)	24. A (84)	34. B (50)
5. D (6)	15. D (72)	25. D (96)	35. D (59)
6. A (26)	16. B (71)	26. B (88)	36. A (27)
7. D (13)	17. B (75)	27. C (92)	37. A (40)
8. B (26)	18. A (31)	28. A (90)	38. B (50)
9. C (27)	19. C (43)	29. A (85)	39. C (39)
10. B (15)	20. B (40)	30. A (55)	40. A (94)