# **Assessment**

# Event Planning for Everyone

First Edition

The objectives of this book are to help the user:

- Develop the framework for the event—purpose, committee, theme
- Match responsibilities with the skills and personalities of committee members
- Negotiate effectively with vendors and sponsors
- Use marketing techniques to attract attention and maximize participation
- Prevent problems and recover from those that occur
- Review the event and thank the team

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## Assessment Questions for Event Planning for Everyone, First Edition

#### Select the best response.

- 1. The ability to research, analyze, communicate, multitask, organize, supervise, and follow through are necessary for:
  - A. Project managers
  - B. Event planners
  - C. Both of the above
- 2. Getting any service donated, no matter how small, is a good way to stay within budget.
  - A. True
  - B. False
- 3. When persuading others to sign up for your event planning committees:
  - A. Avoid linking participation to professional or business goals
  - B. Discuss how the event might appeal to volunteers' personal interests
  - C. Do not appeal to emotions by discussing how the event will help others
- 4. When conducting research for an event, which sources should you use?
  - A. People within the organization
  - B. People outside the organization
  - C. The Internet
  - D. All of the above
  - E. None of the above
- 5. The costs for photographers, printers, and other event vendors generally are not negotiable.
  - A. True
  - B. False

- 6. Guests traveling long distances to attend an event will likely be more interested in a theme that is based on their own culture rather than one based on the event location or purpose.
  - A. True
  - B. False
- 7. When generating theme ideas, consider:
  - A. Pop culture
  - B. Local history
  - C. Current events
  - D. Creative alternatives
  - E. All of the above
  - F. A, B, and C
- 8. Which of the following tasks should be done on the day of the event?
  - A. Follow up with guests who have not responded to the invitation
  - B. Do a walk-around to check on all details
  - C. Pick up monetary or in-kind donations
  - D. All of the above
  - E. None of the above
- 9. Event planners generally anticipate that expenditures will exceed the planned budget by 20%.
  - A. True
  - B. False
- 10. Program participants should adhere to the start and end times for all activities listed on the program.
  - A. True
  - B. False

- 11. The purpose of a master binder is:
  - A. To keep track of everything while planning an event
  - B. To serve as record and resource for future events
  - C. Both of the above
- 12. Items that are to be handled by vendors, such as audio-visual equipment, do not need to be detailed in your planning notebook.
  - A. True
  - B. False
- 13. When putting together a contact list of all committee members:
  - A. Include information about the volunteers' work affiliation or credentials
  - B. Postal addresses for volunteers are not needed
  - C. List phone numbers consistently in this order: home, cell, work
  - D. All of the above
  - E. None of the above
- 14. One of the purposes of analyzing personality styles is:
  - A. To ensure that you communicate with others in your preferred style
  - B. To ensure that you communicate with others in their preferred style
  - C. To help you select team members most like yourself
  - D. To help you select team members who are most like each other
- 15. In event planning jargon, a plenary is:
  - A. Storage area for materials sent ahead
  - B. Inspection in advance of the event
  - C. Main session in a long conference
  - D. Waiting area for speakers and dignitaries

- 16. You will most likely be able to negotiate a lower rate:
  - A. During a vendor's slow season
  - B. During a vendor's busy season
- 17. When soliciting potential sponsors for your event, your primary emphasis should be:
  - A. The features of your sponsorship recognition program
  - B. How participation will benefit the sponsor
- 18. When marketing your event, you should identify the single best channel for reaching your target audience and use it over and over.
  - A. True
  - B. False
- 19. Success at negotiation can best be assured by:
  - A. Years of experience in negotiating
  - B. An in-born talent for negotiating
  - C. Study and practice
- 20. When using personality styles to match people to tasks, the most likely candidate for keeping track of details on a spreadsheet would be which style?
  - A. Partyer
  - B. Lover
  - C. Analyzer
  - D. Nudger
- 21. When seeking media coverage for your event, which of the following will help you generate news value?
  - A. Emphasize the large numbers of people who will attend
  - B. Emphasize the large numbers of people who may benefit
  - C. Emphasize local people and connections
  - D. All of the above
  - E. None of the above

- 22. It is not appropriate to make inquiries about a vendor's work ethic and style.
  - A. True
  - B. False
- 23. There is no value in planning prevention strategies for natural disasters that may disrupt your event.
  - A. True
  - B. False
- 24. You should hold a debriefing meeting with your planning team:
  - A. After everyone has had a chance to rest up from the event
  - B. One or two weeks after the event
  - C. Within 72 hours of the event
- 25. You should avoid asking victims of an event mishap how you can remedy the situation because they will likely ask for more than you are prepared to offer.
  - A. True
  - B. False

## Answer Key for Event Planning for Everyone, First Edition

### Recommended response (Corresponding workbook page)

1. C(11)	6. B (20)	11. C (37)	16. A (54)	21. D (86)
2. A (5)	7. E (22)	12. B (38)	17. B (63)	22. B (54)
3. B (17)	8. B (32)	13. A (34)	18. B (74)	23. B (98)
4. D (5)	9. A (33)	14. B (44)	19. C (56)	24. C (113)
5. B (6)	10. A (35)	15. C (52,	20. C (46,	25. B (104)
		138)	137)	